1. The difference between a module and a function is that there can be multiple functions in a module, and a module is a separate file within the code.
2. The parts of a function header in Python are the definition call, the function name, and the parameters.
3. Arguments are the variables you are passing through to the function.
4. Parameters define the necessary arguments needed for a function.
5. If the argument list and the parameter don’t match, an error will be thrown saying that the function needs more arguments.
6. A return statement takes a variable and passes the value back to the function call.

8. A function can do an infinite amount of things since the contents of the function are defined by the user.

9. Library functions are functions pre-created by other people.

10. A generalized function is a function that is created to be reused for many purposes.

11. I would rate my knowledge of the content in this paper as **strong**.